

Scientific Big Bang in Sanskrit Literature

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Abstract

According to modern scientific Big Bang theory, this universe came into existence because of the Big Bang. It says all elements of this universe are the result of intense form of energy due to fusional and fissional positions of elements. In the beginning their temperature has gone up but later they got converted into mild form of energy with Soma (tattava, dispersed field) which is source of creation. There for it creates the Sun, the Moon, the Earth and this Universe.

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Introduction

According to modern scientific Big Bang theory, this universe came into existence because of the Big Bang. It says all elements of this universe is the result of intense form of energy due to fusional and fissional positions of elements. In the beginning their temperature has gone up but later they got converted into mild form of energy with Soma (tattava, dispersed field) which is source of creation. There for it creates the Sun, the Moon, the Earth and this Universe.

In this way, the formless origin sphere means intense form of energy as we call Big Bang, becomes the source of creation of this universe.

In Sanskrit literature, mainly in Vedic literature as Samhitas, Brahmanas, Aranyakas and Upanishads, there are so many evidences available regarding this theory. According to Vedic Samhitas literature, heat and cold both are the main creature of this universe. In modern science, heat is representative of hydrogen whereas cold denotes oxygen that is why in Vrihat Jabalopnishad it is said that Agnisomatmakmjagat[1]. Hence, this universe is made up with the help of Agni and Soma tattva.

In origin formless sphere, who is known as Swayambhu Mandal where elements has been broken, converted into mild form of energy which is source of creation in due course of time emerging in drops and merging ocean of water. In Parmesthi Mandal, which is known as Galaxy, Goloka, Vishnu Dham or celestial sphere Vishnu (or Aap), resides in this sphere, which makes bond in nucleus. In this sphere there are much issues of Soma from the origin sphere that is why Agni and Manastattva, both are full-fledged with Soma. In this regard, quantity of soma is needed because cause of creating Big Bang is huge quantity of Soma. Agni has no shape, it gets its shape by soma.

Gathering of huge Soma in Parmesthi Mandal along with Agni and Manas created explosion and separated to each other. In that very separation, Agni tattva becomes, motion full and conscious. Hidden Soma converted into Pran and Pran into Manas. In this way, one produced that is Surya (the Sun). Soma meets water waves and becomes solid and comes out of the orbit. That heated area is called Chandramandal and wet area along with cold is named as the Earth.

Elements of Big Bang

There are three elements as Agni, Soma and Manas are equally shared whereas Agni and Manas contains Somatattva. In answer to Rigveda, Brahman says that "Atavat va idamannam, Chavannadshc soma evannamgnirannad." [2]

In this way Anna is the only one most needed tattva from which Agni and soma produced. In this regard chhandogyopnishad[3] also, says somyedmgraaasit. In Shatpath Brahman, it has been written that "Tadekam purush or Prajapati had created Rayi and Pran to create universe. Pran is Agni whereas Rayi is soma. – Prashnopnishad 1.4

What is Soma?

Soma is heavenly power. It seems to be Tadekam and Purush in Rigveda, whereas Prajapati in Brahman literature. Soma is most powerful element among the needed elements of this -universe that is why in Rigveda more than hundred and fifty suktas are offered to soma. Soma is part of Trivargi Mulaadyashakti[4] Aditi and that is why the Sun which has been produced by aditi and is called Aaditya. This provides consciousness. – Rayim Krinvante Cetanam[5].

As per Sayanacarya, Soma is the synonyms of Varun (dhanavesh varun). It has been confirmed by Acharya Mahidhar and Uvattacharya. According to Rigveda – Rakshoha, Soma is the bacteria virus. Soma comes on earth nearly three or three thirty morning on daily basis. The Sun has produced Soma.[6] Soma is one kind of wave, heavenly power or energy.[7]

Conclusion

Hugeness of Soma is needed for the sake of Big Bang. Agni takes its shape from Soma. It gives strength and shape not only to Agni but to all the creative elements of this universe.

Soma being attached with Agni makes the elements of this universe. Soma converts its shape easily in Agni and Aap. Soma is covered with Geometrically, Chhandas and Aachhadit science.

References

- [1] Vrihat Jabalopnishad 2.7
- [2] Shatpath Brahman 1.4.2.13
- [3] Chhandogyopnishad 6.2.2
- [4] Rigved 9.37.4
- [5] Rigved 9.31.1
- [6] Rigved 9.25.2
- [6] Rigved 9.3.7-8