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# **Variation in Median Nerve Formation-A Case Report**

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#### **Abstract**

**Introduction**- Normally median nerve is formed lateral to third part of axillary artery by the union of a lateral root from lateral cord and a medial root from the medial cord. Formation is Y- shaped. medial root crosses in front of III part of Axillary artery A number of variations in the formation of median nerve, its relationship to the axillary artery and communication with musculocutaneous nerve have been reported by earlier workers.in the present study during routine anatomical dissection we encountered interesting case of variations in the formation of median nerve in the axilla **Case report** -In an aged male cadaver on the right-side median nerve is formed by three roots.1 lateral root and 2

**Case report** -In an aged male cadaver on the right-side median nerve is formed by three roots,1 lateral root and 2 medial roots

**Clinical importance** -Knowledge of the various types of median nerve formation and the variable relationship of the roots of median nerve to the axillary artery and association of vascular anomalies is very important during surgeries in the axillary region. Injury to such a variant nerve may lead to a galaxy of manifestations Clinical implications of such variations have to be kept in mind during anesthetic procedures of brachial plexus, shoulder arthroscopy, traumatic injuries involving axillary region.

Keywords: Median nerve, lateral root medial root clinical implications

## Introduction

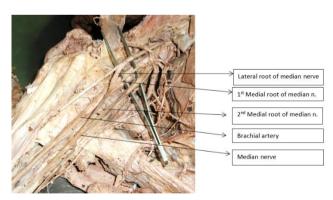
Normally median nerve is formed lateral to third part of axillary artery by the union of a lateral root from lateral cord and a medial root from the medial cord. Formation is Y-shaped.

Medial root crosses in front of III part of Axillary artery A number of variations in the formation of median nerve, its relationship to the axillary artery and communication with musculocutaneous nerve have been reported by earlier workers. In the present study during routine anatomical dissection we encountered three interesting cases of variations in the formation of median nerve in the axilla. Some of these variations are accompanied by vascular anomalies also as reported in the earlier literature

#### **Case Report**

In an aged male cadaver on the right-side median nerve is formed by three roots, 1 lateral root and 2 medial roots. Note the smaller medial root joins more proximally & the larger one distally.

Median nerve lies medial to axillary artery Note the lateral root crossing in front of III part of axillary artery to join the medial rootmedial to artery.



### Median nerve formation by two medial cords

## Discussion

We find very less reports of presence of 2 medial roots. Abhaya *et al* 2003, Sathyanarayana *et al* 2010 (2), Uzun and Seelig 2001(4) reported the formation of median nerve by 4 roots, 3 from lateral & 1 from medial cord.(1)

Bhanu *et al*, 2010 described a case of absence of medial root and the formation of median nerve by a single root from lateral cord.

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Pandey & Shukla, 2006 reported the formation of Median nerve by the contribution from all the three cords of brachial plexus (3).

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